

2nd Annual Meeting of COST Action CM 1301, CELINA Chemistry for ELectron-Induced NAnofabrication

6th – 9th May, 2015, Bratislava, Slovakia

Book of Abstracts

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Invited Lectures STSM Reports Topical Lectures

Electron impact dissociative ionization of tetraethyl orthosilicate

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We have investigated dissociative electron ionization of tetraethyl orthosilicate, TEOS (Si(OC₂H₅)₄), in gas phase, interesting as a possible Focused Electron Beam Induced Dissociation (FEBID) precursor. Measurements were performed at Comenius University on the crossed beams apparatus [1] and the cluster apparatus [2]. Both are equipped with trochoidal electron monohromator, which produces well collimated electron beam crossed perpendicularly with target. Positive ions formed with electron molecular interactions are extracted by a small electric field and recorded by quadrupole mass analyser. We have measured the possible pattern of fragmentation for TEOS molecule and compared with the NIST mass spectrum. Beside parent $M=(Si(OC_2H_5)_4)^+$ at m/z 208 many other positive ions were recorded in the mass spectrum, with many SiO_x^+ fragments (x= 2, 3 and 4) and their hydrogenated alternatives between m/z 60 and 100. Only the loss of 1 or 3 CH₃ or C₂H₅ was typical for TEOS, contrary to the loss of 1 or all 4 OC₂H₅ ligands. Alternative fragmentation paths were the loss of 2 CH₃ + CH₂CH₃; CH₃ + C₂H₅ + OC₂H₅; 2 C₂H₅ + OC₂H₅; CH₃ + 2 C₂H₅ + OC₂H₅. Beside that, measurements of threshold energies for all TEOS fragments have been done.

This work was supported by the Slovak Research and Development Agency under Contract No. APVV-0733-11; the Slovak grant agency VEGA V/0514/12; Ministry of Education and Science of Republic of Serbia (Project No. 171020). This work was conducted within the framework of the COST Action CM1301 (CELINA).

[1] M. Stano, S. Matejcik, J. D. Skalny and T. D. Märk, *Journal of Physics B: Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics*, **36** (2003), 261

[2] O. Ingólfsson, F. Weik and E. Illenberger, Int. Jour. Mass. Spec. 155 (1996), 1