

July 20–26 / 2005.
Rosario. Argentina.

Abstracts
of contributed
papers
vol. 2

ICPEAC 2005

XXIV International Conference on Photonic,
Electronic and Atomic Collisions.



Rosario 2005

Edited by:

F.D. Colavecchia, P.D. Fainstein, J. Fiol, M.A.P. Lima,
J.E. Miraglia, E.C. Montenegro and R.D. Rivarola.

XXIV ICPEAC

**TWENTY FOURTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON
PHOTONIC ELECTRONIC AND ATOMIC
COLLISIONS**

**ROSARIO, ARGENTINA
JULY 20-26, 2005**

**ABSTRACTS OF CONTRIBUTED PAPERS
VOLUME II**

**EDITED BY
F. D. COLAVECCHIA, P. D. FAINSTEIN, J. FIOL, M. A. P. LIMA,
J. E. MIRAGLIA, E. C. MONTENEGRO AND R. D. RIVAROLA**

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Chair

Albert Crowe
Department of Physics
University of Newcastle
Newcastle, NE1 7RU, United Kingdom
Tel: +44-191-222-7401
Fax: +44-191-222-7361
Email: albert.crowe@ncl.ac.uk

Vice Chair

Yasunori Yamazaki
Institute of Physics
University of Tokio
Komaba, Tokyo, 153-8902, Japan
Tel: +81-3-5454-6521
Fax: +81-3-5454-6433
Email: yasunori@phys.c.u-tokyo.ac.jp

Secretary

Klaus Bartschat
Department of Physics and Astronomy
Drake University
Des Moines, IA 50311, USA
Tel: +1-515-271-3750
Fax: +1-515-271-1943
Email: klaus.bartschat@drake.edu

Treasurer

Henrik Cederquist
Department of Physics
Stockholm University
SE-106 91, Stockholm, Sweden
Tel: +46-8-5537-8626
Fax: +46-8-5537-8601
Email: cederquist@physto.se

Members

A. Huetz, France
M. Larsson, Sweden
M. A. P. Lima, Brazil
E. Lindroth, Sweden
F. Martín, Spain
J. E. Miraglia, Argentina
E. C. Montenegro, Brazil
R. D. Rivarola, Argentina
R. Schuch, Sweden
A. Stelbovics, Australia
J. Tanis, USA
J. Ullrich, Germany
C. Whelan, USA

GENERAL COMMITTEE

ARGENTINA

R. O. Barrachina

AUSTRALIA

J. Lower
P. Teubner

AUSTRIA

P. Scheier

BRAZIL

G. Sigaud

CANADA

A. Bandrauk

DENMARK

L. Andersen

FRANCE

K. Wohrer

GERMANY

R. Dörner
D. Gerlich
H. J. Lüdde
M. Drescher

INDIA

K. Baluja

IRELAND

E. Kennedy

ISRAEL

Z. Amitay

ITALY

A. Borghesani

JAPAN

T. Azuma
M. Kimura
N. Kouchi
H. Tanaka
K. Yamanouchi

P. R. CHINA

K. Xu

POLAND

M. Pajek

RUSSIA

A. N. Grum - Grzhimailo
V. K. Ivanov

SPAIN

G. García

SWEDEN

D. Hanstorp

SWITZERLAND

M. Allan

THE NETHERLANDS

T. Schlathölter

UNITED KINGDOM

G. King
J. McCann
G. Laricchia

UNITED STATES

B. Esry
T. Gay
M. Khakoo
M. Schulz
D. Schultz
C. Surko

LOCAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Chair - R. D. Rivarola

P. D. Fainstein

J. Fiol

Co-chairs

M. A. P. Lima
J. E. Miraglia
E. C. Montenegro

O. A. Fojón

G. Gasaneo
P. L. Grande
M. S. Gravielle
M. C. A. Lopes

Members

R. O. Barrachina
H. F. Busnengo
C. Cisneros
F. Colavecchia

A. E. Martínez
D. Mitnik
R. D. Piacentini
G. M. Sigaud
M. T. do N. Varela

TESTING UNIT DEVELOPED FOR GERDIEN AIR-ION DETECTORS

P. Kolarž¹, P. I. Aredondo Sanchez², B. P. Marinković¹, and D. M. Filipović^{1,3}¹Institute of Physics, PO Box 57, 11001, Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro²Instituto Tecnológico Pascual Bravo, Medellin, Colombia³Faculty of Physics, University of Belgrade, Po Box 368 11001, Belgrade, Serbia and Montenegro

Since 1905 (just a century before) the Gerdien condenser [1] plays an important role in research of atmospheric ions. Usually, the air-ions generate extremely low input currents of 10^{-12} - 10^{-13} A during fine weather conditions [2]. In recent years a resistor of $\geq 10^{10}$ Ω in the feedback loop of the fempto op-amplifier uses in these and similar low current measurements.

We developed the testing unit as a current reference of nominally 10^{-12} A intended for testing the measuring devices on current leakage and other deviations. This home-made unit is an independent battery-powered module, which provides a constant charge of 10^{-12} C per cycle, frequency of order 1 Hz. The main components comprising the testing unit are: NE555 timer, LM336 reference diode in the voltage divider, low noise HGJ2MT mercury-wetted contact relay and a polystyrene capacitor (10 pF) that periodically delivers defined portion of electricity to the sensor under testing. To be sure that the zero drift is determined and eliminated before the testing, a digital zeroing unit is developed [3] as well.

The Gerdien atmospheric ion detector CDI-07, designed and built in our laboratory, consists of AD549 op-amplifier. The sensitivity higher than 10 ions/cm³ was attained during the calibration (Fig. 1), when the electronic circuits were temperature stabilized. This sensitivity is by a factor of 10 higher than that previously reported in [5].

Nominal testing currents below 10^{-12} A are desirable, but there are numerous limitations, such as capacitances of open contacts in the relay, current leakage across the insulators, instabilities and others.

On the other hand, there is the fundamental limit of the charge that can be delivered from the testing unit to a sensor, given by the quantization of the conductance [4], [5]. Our aim is to extend the nominal constant charge

delivered from the testing unit to values lower than 10^{-12} C per cycle.

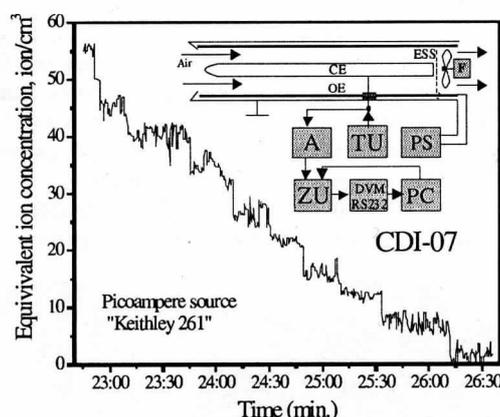


FIG 1. The plateaus of constant calibration currents. Inset: Block diagram of the Gerdien air-ion condenser (OE outer electrode; CE collecting electrode; ESS electrostatic shield; F fan; A ammeter; TU testing unit; PS power supply; ZU digital zeroing unit; DVM digital voltmeter; PC personal computer).

References

- [1] H. Gerdien, *Phys. Z.*, 6, 800 (1905).
- [2] H. Dolezalek, *Atmospheric Electricity*. in: *Handbook of Chemistry and Physics*, ed: R.C. Weast, (CRC Press, Inc. Boca Raton 1982).
- [3] P. Kolarž, B.P. Marinković, and D.M. Filipović, *Rev.Sci.Instrum.* (in press).
- [4] P.I. Aredondo S. and D.M. Filipović, *Proc. XIX National Congress of Physics*, Manizales, 2001, p.134. (in Spanish).
- [5] P.I. Aredondo Sanchez, P.Kolarž, I.Perić, B.P.Marinković, and D.M.Filipović, *Proc. XIII ICPEAC*, Stockholm, 2003, Th 176.



Abstracts of contributed papers
vol. 2

ICPEAC 2005
XXIV International Conference on Photonic,
Electronic and Atomic Collisions.
July 20-26 / 2005, Rosario, Argentina.

